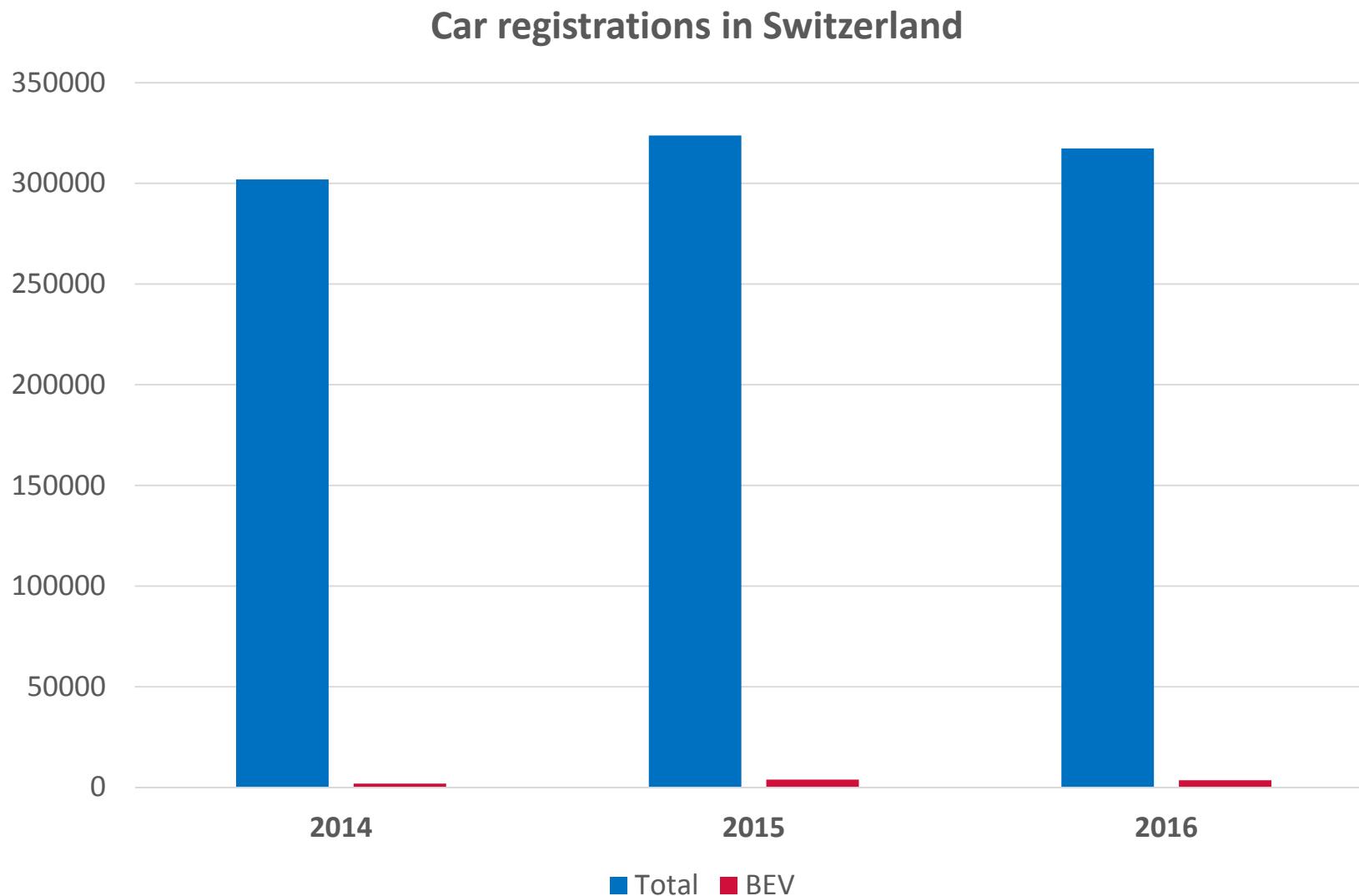


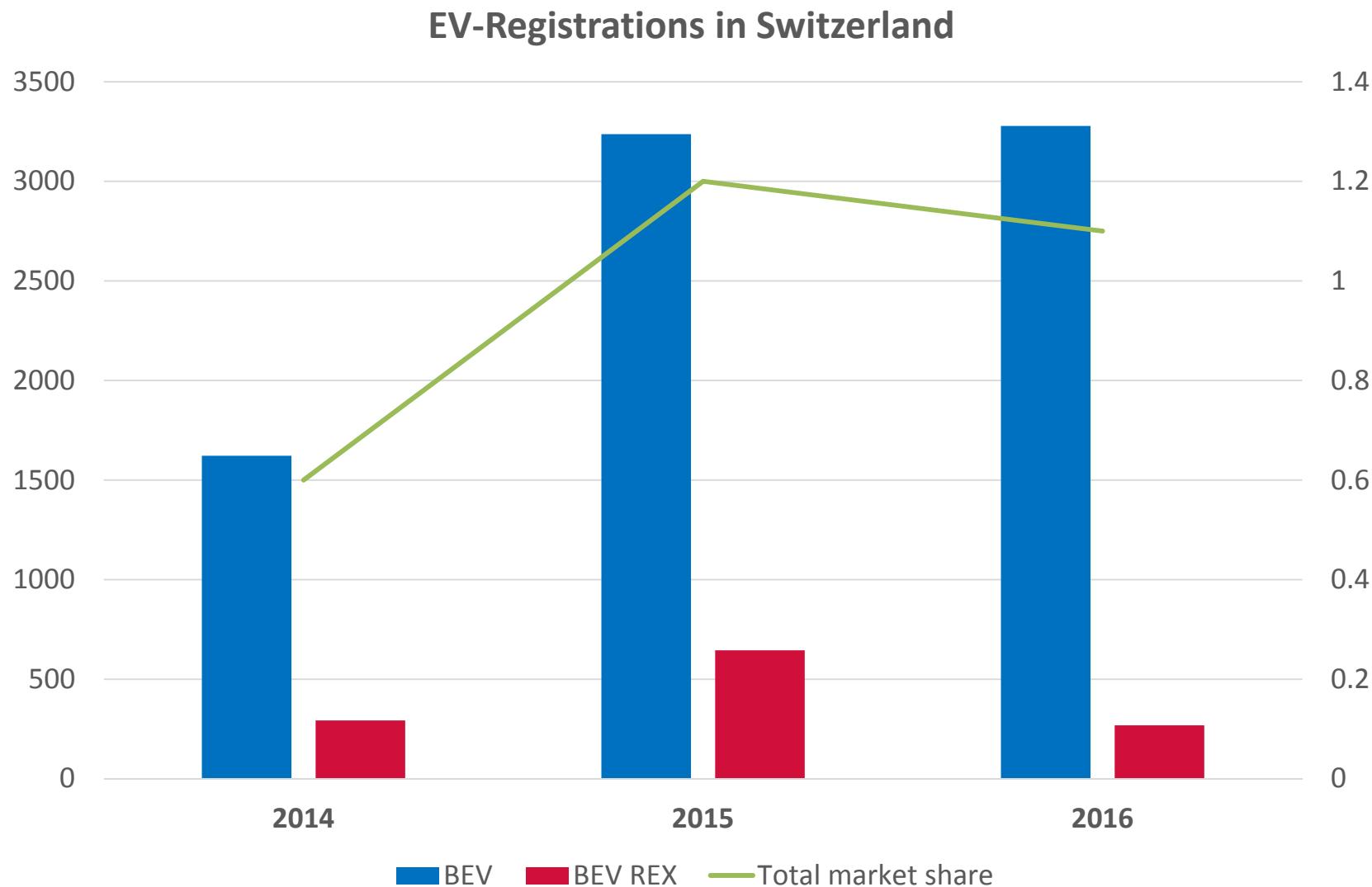
E-Mobility in Switzerland



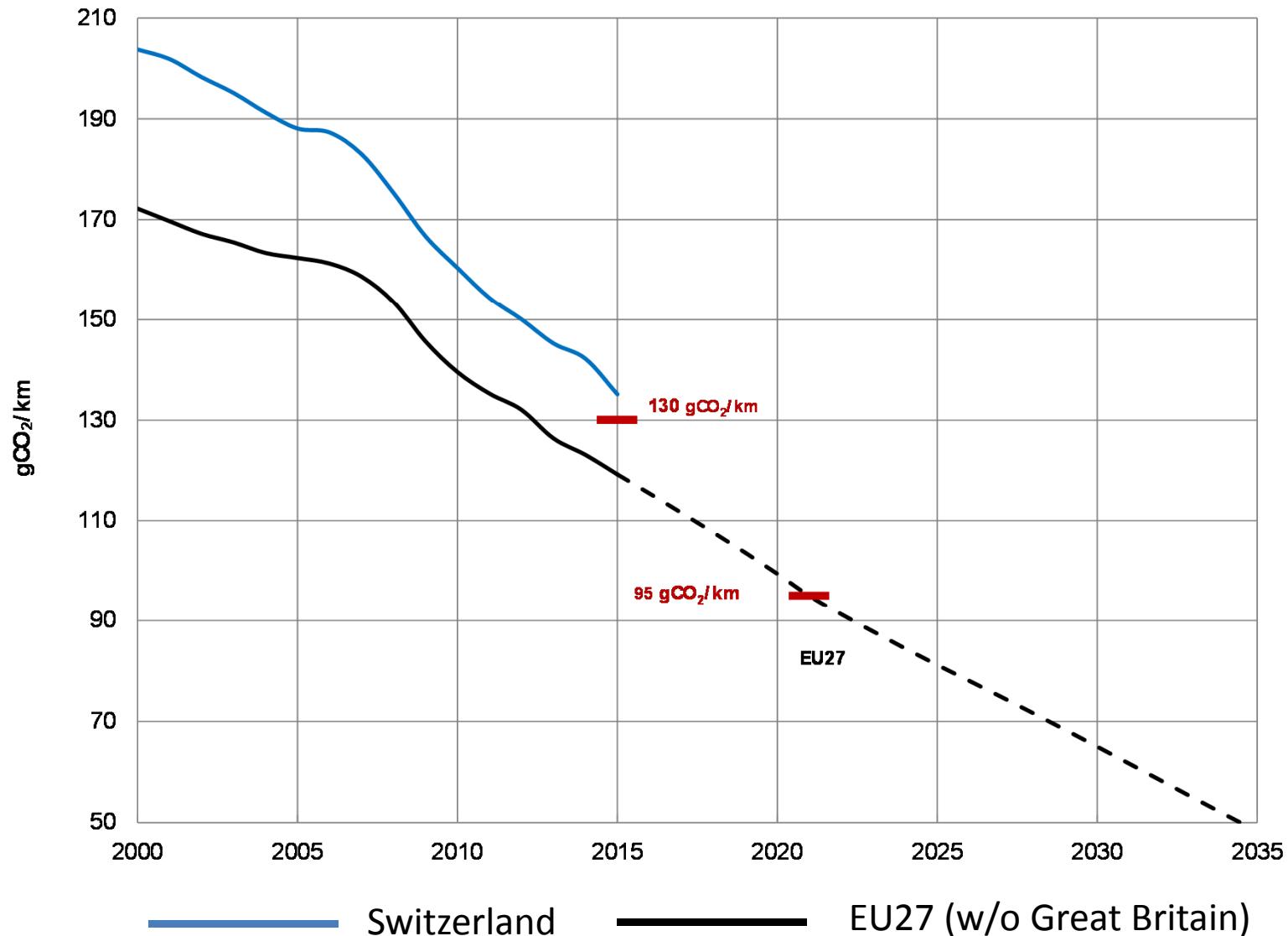
Car market in Switzerland since 2014



Rising e-proportion in the market



CO₂-levels and -goals



Why e-mobility makes sense in CH

■ Size of the country

- ▶ Driving distances are realistic for BEVs on a single-charge
- ▶ Autobahn A1: 384 km from Geneva to Austrian border

■ Electricity market

- ▶ Affordable prices for electric energy
- ▶ One of the lowest CO₂-emission-levels from power production in Europe
(mainly hydro and nuclear power)

■ Economic situation and wealth

- ▶ High income level
- ▶ Many people can afford higher prices for electric vehicles
- ▶ Modern status symbol

Problems to face for e-mobility in CH

- **Lowest home ownership rate in Europe (around 40 percent)**
 - ▶ EV-owners can often not charge at home
 - ▶ Need for (even more) public charging possibilities, e.g. at lampposts
 - ▶ Employers are asked to help out

- **Hardly any public support**
 - ▶ No purchase tax of 4 percent on EVs
 - ▶ Vehicle tax is responsibility of 26 cantons –
large differences, if any discount at all
 - ▶ No other benefits so far
(support of public charging, parking, use of bus lanes etc.)

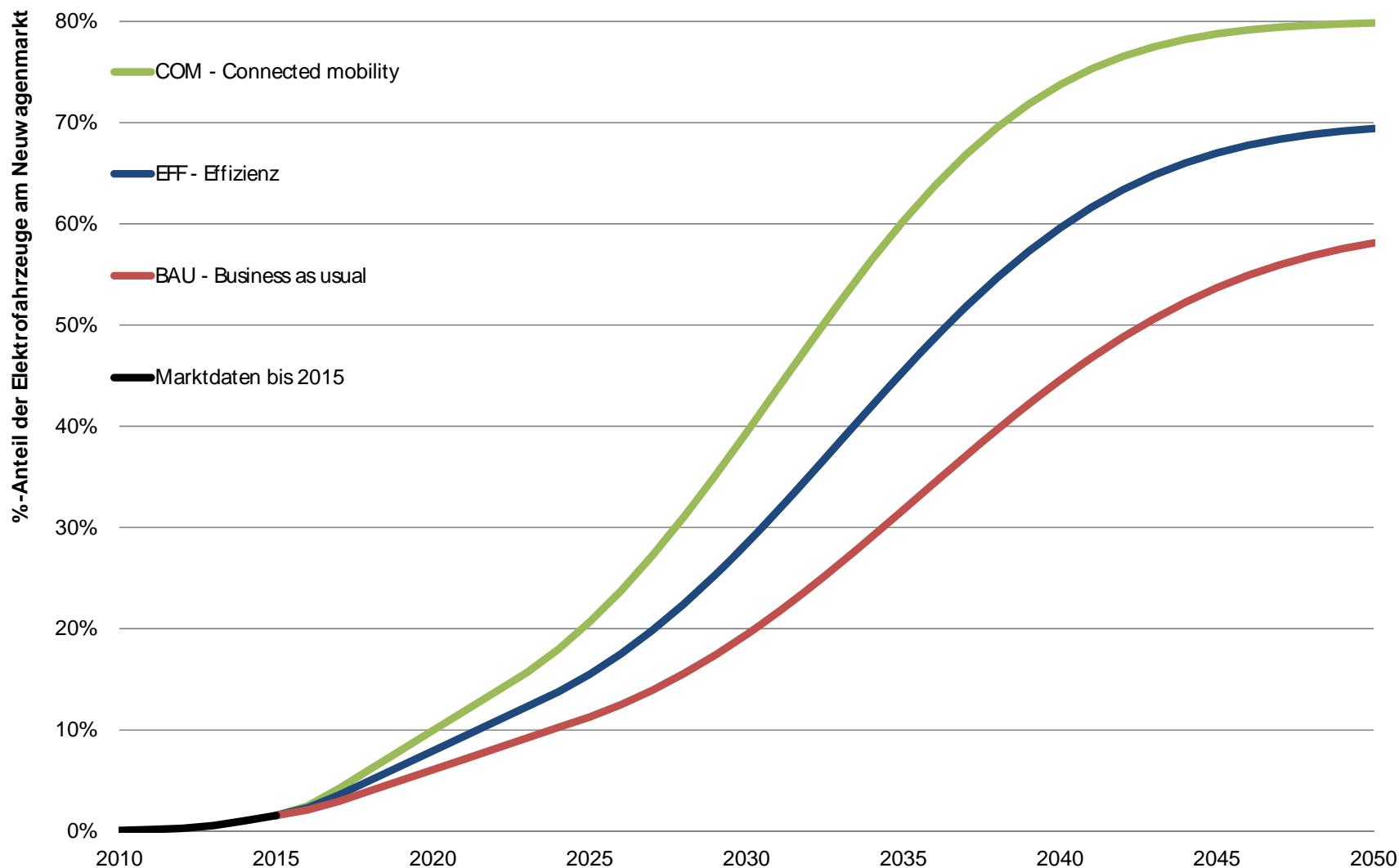


Analysis: RIP-problem of e-mobility

- ▶ Range: Not a (big) problem
- ▶ Infrastructure for charging: Big problem
- ▶ Price: (Soon) not a problem (any more)

E-development forecast for Switzerland

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C CHARGING

C CHARGING

C CHARGING

CH⁺ ARGING